

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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MEMORANDUM

To:

Chair and Commissioners

Delaware Public Service Commission

From:

Janis Dillard

James McC. Geddes, Esq.

Subject:

Criteria for Determining (under State Freedom of Information Act

("FOIA")) Whether "Trade Secrets" and "Confidential Commercial

and Financial Information" May be Exempted from Required

Public Disclosure

Date:

13 March 2007

This memorandum responds to the Commission Staff's request for the "granular" review described at the meeting of the State agencies held in Legislative Hall on February 27, 2007. In connection with this request, we reviewed every redaction made by the three bidders in the bid materials submitted to the Commission and the other State agencies. Table A attached hereto lists the documents that we believe should be released based upon our review. We believe that the remainder of the documents set forth in Table B should be protected under the provisions of the State FOIA Act. 29 Del. C. § 10002(g).

In performing this review, we analyzed a memorandum from Gary A. Myers, Esq. to William F. O'Brien, Esq. and Janis Dillard, dated February 12, 2007, and the letters from counsel for the three bidders. We also performed our own independent research of the pertinent case law and applicable standards by which to judge the redacted materials. (See Exhibit "A" attached hereto for relevant authority). The following principles guided our review of the individual documents:

- 1. Materials that were within the definition of "trade secrets" as stated in the 1977 Attorney General's Opinion (77-209) attached to the Myers memorandum are not being disclosed.²
- 2. If the material might compromise the competitive bid process, or might cause substantial harm to the competitive position of a bidder from whom the information was obtained, it is not being disclosed, if the party established:
 - (a) actual competition as it relates to the confidential information;
 - (b) likelihood of substantial competitive injury;
 - (c) an articulated path that demonstrates how disclosure of the materials will likely harm the position of the bidder.

In establishing the roadmap for how competitive harm could result, we withheld disclosure if there was "actual competition" and a *likelihood* of substantial competitive injury.

After our initial review of the materials and development of the attached Tables with recommendations for disclosure and non-disclosure, we repeated our

Inskip correspondence dated February 16, 2007; Houghton correspondence dated February 16 and 26, 2007; and McGonigle and Ranji response on behalf of Bluewater Wind

analysis for each and every document that is being withheld or recommended for disclosure. Thus, we have reviewed these materials twice to determine the appropriate application of the statute.

We believe that our independent review, memorialized in the attached Tables, satisfies the burden of a state agency to make an independent determination of the appropriateness of these redactions and meets the requirements under the State FOIA statute. See § 10002(g)(2); 2000 WL 1920192 (Del. A.G.). However, we recognize two issues of substantial public interest regarding disclosure of bidder information in this proceeding -- pricing information and information related to the potential environmental impacts of the various projects being considered.

Pricing information: We conclude that the elements of the pricing as specified in the bids needs to be protected because there is actual competition by and between the bidders, and there exists a likelihood of substantial competitive injury if such information is disclosed. See Nat'l Parks and Conservationists Assn. v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C. Cir. 1974). As the bidders have pointed out, pricing information included in their respective bids is used in other jurisdictions. This pricing information could be used by competitors or prospective energy companies desiring to contract with a bidder to gain a competitive advantage

dated February 16, 2007.

We did not use the federal FOIA definition, which is more restrictive.

through their knowledge of previous bid information and the projections of future market prices and costs relied upon by the bidder. This particular information, if released, could cause substantial harm to a bidder's interest. Release of pricing information could also discourage future bidders from engaging in a similar bid process in Delaware in the future. Furthermore, as discussed in the memorandum to the Commission dated February 23, 2007, the evaluation reports that have been released to the public provide aggregate, comparative pricing information that provide a basis on which to express meaningful comment.

In addition, Delaware case law recognizes the need under FOIA to protect a company from release of information that competitors might use to underbid it. See American Totalisator Co., Inc. v. Autotote Limited, 1983 WL 21374 at *3 (Del. Ch. DATE) (recognizing the need to protect information on prices and costs); Delmarva Drilling Co., Inc. v. American Water Well Systems, Inc., 1988 WL 7396 at *6 (Del. Ch. DATE) (price bids and bidding procedures require protection from competitors). For these reasons, we recommend that the redacted pricing information contained in the bids not be released at this time.

Release of Environmental Information: At the last meeting of the four agencies held in Legislative Hall on February 27, 2007, environmental information - specifically disclosures on Form H, "Environmental Impact -- Air Emissions" -- engendered a lengthy discussion between NRG and the agencies. As the transcript

recites, Conectiv and Bluewater substantially complied with the request to supply emission specifics for primary and secondary fuels; NRG did not. NRG discussed the commercial reasons why it was not similarly situated to the other bidders, given that it was bidding a coal gasification facility using technology that was not mature in the marketplace. (See Tr. 904-20). Having carefully reviewed the transcript, and having listened to the public's concern regarding current and potential future emissions from the Indian River facilities, we believe that notwithstanding that a bidder could reasonably argue that the information should be kept confidential (i.e., the supposition that a future vendor may be able to use this information in some negative way), the public interest in obtaining specific emission data outweighs NRG's attempt to protect it. See Attorney General Opinion 87-1031, 1987 WL 245361 (Del. A.G.). Although we recognize that reasonable people may disagree on the application of such a balancing test, we recommend disclosure of such information and further recommend giving NRG sufficient opportunity to make such application as it believes is necessary in another forum to protect this type of information from public disclosure.

In summary, we believe that the PSC has done all that is required of it under the State FOIA statute. A specific and detailed review has been made of each document where information has been withheld from the public's purview. We recognize that others performing a similar review may reach different and

contradictory conclusions; however, we believe that there is a sound factual and legal basis for our recommendations and that each determination on disclosure is in keeping with an attempt to properly balance the public's right to know with the bidders' need to compete in this and other jurisdictions. Hopefully, we have given the Commission enough information to make an informed and reasoned decision on the release of this additional information.

We understand that this issue will be on the agenda at the Commission's March 20, 2007 meeting. In that regard, we believe that any follow-up discussion should be limited to questions by the Commission and/or other State agencies relating to the process described above. Such discussion should not, in our opinion, include bidders who have had several opportunities to present their justifications for redacting the documents. In addition, although the public is a beneficiary of the work performed by the Commission Staff in its attempt to release as much information as possible, the public is not a stakeholder in the Commission's, and other agencies', determination as to whether such work should be adopted.

We are available for further questions on the process of this review and our conclusions.

EXHIBIT "A"

Standard for Trade Secret and Confidential Commercial Information Exception to FOIA, 29 Del. C. § 10002(g)(2)

The right to inspect "public records" is defined in Delaware's FOIA, 29 Del. C. § 10002(g). Section 10002(g) provides several exceptions to disclosure of information contained in public records. Section 10002(g)(2), excepting trade secrets and confidential commercial or financial information, applies to the bids submitted by Conectiv, NRG, and Blue Water. The following is an outline of the standards used to determine whether the applicants' bids contain a "trade secret" or "confidential commercial or financial information."

I. Trade Secrets

- Construed broadly in DE (as opposed to narrow definition under the federal FOIA) to encompass virtually any information that provides a competitive advantage. Del. Op. Atty. Gen. 00·IB15 (Oct. 4, 2000), 2000 WL 1920102; Del. Op. Atty. Gen. 77-029 (Sept. 27, 1977) (quoting Restatement of Torts § 757(b)), 1977 WL 24783.
 - (1) Any formula, pattern, device, or compilation of information
 - (2) Used in one's business
 - (3) Creating an <u>opportunity to obtain an advantage over competitors</u> who do not know or use it. In other words, disclosure will cause "serious competitive disadvantage" if the information "falls into a rival's hands." 2000 WL 1920102 (Del. A.G.).
- Factors employed to determine whether bids contain a trade secret: (2000 WL 1920192 (Del. A.G.) (quoting Opinion 77-029 (citing Space Aero Products, Inc. v. R.E. Darling Co., 208 A.2d 74 (Md. 1955))).
 - (1) extent to which the information is known outside the business
 - (2) extent to which it is known by employees and others involved in the business
 - (3) extent of measures taken to guard the secrecy of the information
 - (4) value of the information to the business and its competitors
 - (5) amount of effort or money expended developing the information
 - (6) ease or difficulty with which the information could be properly acquired or duplicated by others.

II. Confidential Commercial or Financial Information

- Is the information commercial or financial?
 - (1) <u>Commercial</u>: any matter pertaining to the "transportation of commodities and consist[ing] of dealing in commercial products involving the purchase, sale or exchange of merchandise." 1977 WL 24783 (Del. A.G.).
 - (2) Financial: "any dealing in money." Id.
- Apply the <u>two-part test</u> articulated in *Nat'l Parks & Conservation Assn. v. Morton*, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C. Cir. 1974) to determine if the information is "confidential." *See* 1977 WL 24783 (Del. A.G.). Material falls under exemption (g)(2) if its disclosure would either
 - (1) interfere with the government's ability to obtain information in the future; or
 - (2) cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the person from whom the information was obtained.
- Prong 1: not at issue here because the RFP proceeding for new generation assets will not likely be repeated. Moreover, PSC's other bidding processes call for much less information from the bidders. See Dillard and O'Brien Mem. at 2 n.1 (Feb. 23, 2007).
- Prong 2: competitive impairment: Submitting party must demonstrate the following: (CNA Fin. Corp. v. Donavan, 830 F.2d 1132, 1152 (D.C. Cir. 1987)).
 - (1) Actual competition with respect to the confidential information: occasional re-negotiation of long-term contracts not sufficient. See Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. v. United States Dep't of Energy, 169 F.3d 16, 18 (D.C. Cir. 1999).
 - (2) Likelihood of substantial competitive injury: does not have to be actual competitive injury. See 2003 WL 22669566 (Del. A.G.) (quoting Judicial Watch v. Export·Import Bank, 108 F. Supp.2d 19, 29 (D.D.C. 2000) (confidential commercial or financial information falls within exemption with a showing that disclosure of the information "is likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the person from whom the information was obtained").

• Applicant's burden of proof:

- (1) Agency must make its own independent determination whether the document in fact meets the criteria of § 10002(g)(2), and the agency is not bound by an applicant's designation of a document as confidential, highly confidential, trade secret, etc. 2000 WL 1920102 (Del. A.G.).
- (2) Applicant must specifically demonstrate competitive harm on the record; conclusory allegations of harm are not sufficient. See, e.g., Pub.

Citizen Health Research Group v. Food & Drug Admin., 185 F.3d 898, 906 (D.C. Cir. 1999) ("'[C]onclusory and generalized allegations of substantial competitive harm . . . cannot support an agency's decision to withhold requested documents.""); Nw. Coalition for Alternatives to Pesticides v. Browner, 941 F. Supp. 197, 202 (D.D.C. 1996) (same); Lykes Bros. S.S. Co. v. Peña, No. 92-2780, slip op. at 13 (D.D.C. Sept. 2, 1993) (declaring that submitters are "required to make assertions with some level of detail as to the likelihood and the specific nature of the competitive harm they predict") (reverse FOIA suit); see also In Def. of Animals v. HHS, No. 99-3024, slip op. at 21 (D.D.C. Sept. 28, 2001) (rejecting agency's "conclusory and vague statements" which provided "little more than speculation about potential problems in securing future contracts"); Lee v. FDIC, 923 F. Supp. 451, 455 (S.D.N.Y. 1996) (rejecting competitive harm when the submitter failed to provide "adequate documentation of the specific, credible, and likely reasons why disclosure of the document would actually cause substantial competitive injury").

 Agency should be able to see on the record, understand, and articulate the path from disclosure to likely substantial harm to the competitive position of the bidder-applicant. See Myers Mem. at 5 (Feb. 12, 2007).

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Form O, q 4,15,17,19	Form N, q 6&8	Form L	Form I Items 1.3.6	Form H, notes	23, 24, Q. 20, p 2	G, Items 12,	Form G, Item 12	Form G, Item 10	Form D, Question 23 pg 1-8	Form D	Form C	1-2	pg 3-5	1		-1	pg 6-7, 9-22 and attachments	3-4; 8.2, pg 3, 5-7	and pg 14-19	Exec Summ, pg 6-7	pg 12, 15, 16	A	С
Financial information	Site development/interconnection	Site development	Environmental impacts/permits	Technical specifications, including capacity factor		Fuel Specifications	Fuel pricing	Specific fuel procurement information	Generator technical specifications	Generation Facility Technical Description	Bid Summary	SEAS offshore substation O&M budget	Fluor EPC Scope of work and cost data	Bluewater Financial Statements & Development Expenses	Bluewater Financial Model	Vestas Availability Guarantee	Ballast-Nedam Foundation, Design Supply Load Analysis and Soil Analysis		O&M proposal	Vestas-Bluewater turbine supply, erection, commissioning	Wind Park Insurance :Pricing	SEAS-NVE and ABB substation and cabling cost/technical an.	D
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B = Trade Secret/Confidential/Financial C = Security
KEY FOR REASONS FOR NOT RELEASING DOCUMENTS A = Price Data—Competitive Harm
Carbon Sequestration
Design and Engineering
Variable Interest Entity Analysis
Imputed Debt Offset Information
Financial information
Fuel Plan-Secondary fuel storage
Fuel Plan-Fuel inventory and management
Fuel Plan-Fuel Specifications
Generating Facility Technical Specifications-Technical data
Generating Facility Technical Specifications-Heat rates, AGC
Generating Facility Technical Specifications-Forced Outage Rate
Certification-Payment 295 details-financial ID numbers
Operations and Maintenance
Project Management
Financing
Site Development

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